2018 FIRE AND POLICE COMMISSION CITIZEN COMPLAINT REPORT
Introduction
As the oversight authority for the City of Milwaukee Police Department (MPD) and Fire Department (MFD), a primary function of the Fire and Police Commission (FPC) is to provide the city with a process that transparently and fairly investigates citizen complaints.¹ The FPC provides citizens with a system of investigation that is independent of the agency being investigated and under the oversight of a diverse board of civilian commissioners and staff. In addition to investigating complaints made directly to the FPC, the FPC also audits complaint investigations made to the respective departments in order to help ensure citizen confidence in the process regardless of where they choose to file their complaint. This annual report is a summary of the complaints submitted directly to the FPC and of those independently investigated by the respective departments in the year 2018.

Complaints submitted to the FPC
Complaints submitted to the FPC are classified as either formal or informal. Informal complaints may be investigated as necessary, and often FPC investigators answer the citizen’s questions such that the matter is able to be closed without proceeding to the formal stage. Informal complaints against a specific Fire or Police Department member are not recorded in an employee’s record as a misconduct complaint, while formal complaints are recorded in an employee’s record and receive a more thorough investigation. If a citizen calls the FPC office and reports a complaint, an informal case file is opened and an FPC investigator provides the citizen with the process for converting the complaint to formal status by sending him/her the appropriate documentation and/or directing the complainant to the FPC’s online complaint portal.

The FPC classifies complaint allegations into five general categories:

- **Unauthorized Use of Force:** An allegation that an employee used excessive physical force or more force than was needed under the circumstances.

- **Discourtesy:** Unnecessary, unprofessional, rude, profane, derogatory, inappropriate or belligerent language, actions or behavior by an employee.

- **Disparate Treatment:** Language, conduct or behavior that is inappropriate, demeaning or derogatory concerning a person’s race, religion, nationality, physical appearance, gender or sexual orientation.

- **Department Procedures:** An unauthorized or inappropriate deviation from established department policies or procedures.

¹ In this context and throughout the report the word citizen is used to denote complaints filed by members of the public. United States citizenship is not required to submit a complaint against a Milwaukee Fire or Police Department member nor is Milwaukee residency.
**Department Services:** An inappropriate, unnecessarily slow or insufficient response by the department employee to an incident, call for service or request for intervention.

Upon investigation the FPC will issue a finding for each allegation. The findings are categorized as:

**Not Sustained:** The investigation failed to produce a preponderance of evidence to either prove or disprove the allegation.

**Unfounded:** The allegation is false or not factual.

**Exonerated:** The allegation did occur but the actions of the employee were legal, justified, proper and/or in conformance with the law and the agency’s policy and procedure.

**Sustained:** There is sufficient evidence to prove the allegation made in the complaint.

Complaints may be dismissed and closed without a finding related to allegations. There are a variety of circumstances which will warrant this action including but not limited to:

- **The complaint does not allege a rule violation by a department member.** Often complaints are received by the FPC which are not alleging rule violations by members but are instead asking questions, describing situations not involving the MPD or MFD, or looking for help for a variety of matters. FPC investigators make reasonable efforts to assist community members in these instances and the community member’s contact with the FPC is recorded in the complaint database.

- **The complaint relates solely to the legitimacy of a criminal arrest or traffic citation.** In these cases it is the jurisdiction of the judicial system to determine the legality or merit of the charges.

- **There is excessive delay in filing.** This is especially important for matters which lack physical evidence and participants’ memories of the event will be the primary evidence.

- **The complaint is grossly illogical, improbable, or clearly not made in good faith.**

- **The complaint has already received thorough review.** Occasionally complaints are received numerous times after already concluding an investigation.

- **The complaint is about a general department policy and not related to a specific incident or employee.** The FPC complaint process is for the investigation of specific incidents of alleged misconduct.

- **The complaint is already under investigation by the police or fire department.** If an investigation is already underway in the police or fire department the FPC will, instead of conducting a duplicative investigation, close the FPC file and audit the department’s investigation at the request of the complainant.

Cases are sometimes resolved through a process called **rapid resolution.** Rapid resolution involves complaints of a general nature filed with the FPC and then forwarded to MFD or MPD for prompt solution.
These complaints usually involve questions related to the conduct of a MFD or MPD employee that, on its face, do not appear to be a violation of a department rule. These complaints can include, but are not limited to, inquiries related to the quality of service provided by public safety employees, their actions or any questions that may be better answered by the department directly.

The Assistant Chief of MFD, the district or bureau Captain of MPD or the appropriate supervisor will directly contact the complainant in order to provide a “rapid resolution.” This process gives the supervisor the opportunity to resolve any questions or concerns directly with the individual. The FPC also offers mediation as an alternative to the traditional complaint process. Mediation gives complainants an opportunity to address and resolve their concerns directly with the MFD or MPD employee, while allowing both parties the opportunity to learn from the open discussion and contribute to better community relations. If the citizen and employee agree to mediation, there will be no FPC citizen board trial and no disciplinary action will be taken against the employee. The FPC uses the Milwaukee Mediation Center as an independent mediator. The Milwaukee Mediation Center is a non-profit community organization that promotes and provides mediation and other effective processes of conflict resolution and restorative justice.

**Total FPC complaint volume**

In 2018 there were a total of 225 citizen complaints filed with the FPC, 177 (79%) informally and 48 (21%) formally. At the time of writing there are 6 outstanding open complaints still in process of investigation. The total number of complaints received per year is displayed in Figure 1. The total complaints received by the FPC during 2018 is 13% below the ten year average number of complaints (258). The past six years have been relatively consistent in the number of complaints received: from 2013 to 2018 the average number of complaint cases is 235 with a standard deviation of 8, while from 2009 – 2012 the average number of complaint cases is 266 with a standard deviation of 43.

![Citizen Complaints Investigated by the FPC](image)
Summary of FPC allegations and findings: 2018

The 225 citizen complaints received by the FPC in 2018 contained a total of distinct 277 allegations, of which 25 were not levied against City of Milwaukee fire or police personnel (and were thus not within the FPC’s investigative jurisdiction). Of the 252 remaining allegations, a total of 182 (72%) of the allegations were cited in informal complaints, 70 allegations (28%) were cited in formal complaints, 237 allegations (94%) were filed against MPD employees and 15 allegations (6%) were filed against MFD employees.

The findings of each allegation are summarized in Tables 1 and 2. Note that an individual allegation may be levied against multiple employees, and an individual employee may have multiple allegations levied against them in a single complaint. Throughout this report each employee-allegation combination is counted individually.

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Table 1 – Informal allegations investigated by the FPC

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Table 2 – Formal allegations investigated by the FPC

At the time of writing there were 3 informal and 3 formal allegations still under investigation and as such are not included in these totals.
Of the informal allegations which involved MPD or MFD personnel, 71 (40%) were classified as closed files because no subsequent formal complaint was provided and the complaint was not deemed possible for further investigation or rapid resolution without more information. Seventy four allegations (41%) were resolved through the rapid-resolution process, 12 allegations (7%) were determined to have no rule violation, 3 allegations (2%) were withdrawn by the complainant, 1 allegation (1%) was unfounded, and for 1 allegation (1%) the member retired before the conclusion of the investigation. The most frequent misconduct alleged in informal complaints was in regards to department services (79 allegations, 44%). Sixty two allegations (35%) were in regards to department procedures, 21 allegations (12%) were in regards to discourtesy, 13 (7%) were deemed to have no allegation at all, and 4 (2%) alleged use of force misconduct.

Of the formal allegations investigated in 2018, 24 allegations (36%) were deemed to be inappropriate for further investigation and were closed, 21 allegations (31%) resulted in exoneration, 8 allegations (12%) were not sustained, 4 allegations (6%) were resolved via the rapid resolution process, 4 allegations (6%) were withdrawn by the complainant, 3 allegations (4%) were unfounded, 2 allegations (3%) resulted in member counseling, and 1 allegation (1%) was determined upon investigation to not have involved a department employee. The most frequent misconduct alleged in formal complaints was in regards to department procedures (47 allegations, 70%). Sixteen allegations (24%) were in regards to department services, 2 allegations (3%) were in regards to discourtesy, and 2 (3%) alleged use of force misconduct.

**FPC Allegation Trends**

Figure 2 summarizes the past 10 years of FPC received and investigated allegation data in order to highlight trends in types of citizen concerns. This analysis is of the total set of all allegations submitted to the FPC, including both formal and informal allegations as well as allegations which were ultimately determined to not involve department personnel. This analysis, like elsewhere, also counts each employee-allegation combination uniquely; one allegation against multiple employees is counted multiple times as are multiple allegations against one employee.

Figure 2, panel a shows the total number of allegations filed with the FPC each year since 2009; the black marks are the actual number of allegations each year and the dotted red line is the line of best fit for the data. Figure 2, panels b – f show the percent of allegations each year in each allegation category used by the FPC; the black marks are the actual percent each year and the dotted red line is the line of best fit for the data. This set of figures shows that the overall number of allegations has been declining, the percentage of allegations regarding department services and department procedures have been rising, and the percent of allegations regarding disparate treatment, discourtesy and use of force have been falling. Because the scale of the y-axis is constant in panels b – f, these figures also give a sense of which allegations categories have been the most and least common. The most common category has been department services, followed by department procedures, then discourtesy, use of force, and disparate treatment.
FPC investigation timetable
The speed at which formal complaints were resolved in 2018 is summarized in Figure 3 - a histogram depicting the number of calendar days to close a complaint versus the number of cases resolved in each time period. Each bin of the histogram represents 7 days. Nine formal complaints (20%) were resolved by the FPC within 7 days and 23 (51%) were resolved within four weeks. The average number of days it took to resolve a formal complaint was 40 days and the median number of days was 28.
Citizen Board Trials
The FPC Executive Director, upon receipt of the results of a completed citizen complaint investigation, has the discretion to refer the complaint for resolution by citizen board trial. The citizen board trial is a quasi-judicial process in which witnesses are sworn, testimony is taken, and evidence is presented. Each party may question the other, call witnesses, present exhibits, and testify. The citizen board, composed of FPC Commissioners, reviews the evidence and ultimately makes its findings and final decision. The trial procedures are detailed in Fire and Police Commission Rule XVI. All trials are open to the public.

At the determination of the Executive Director, the trial may be conducted by a hearing examiner alone or a hearing examiner may assist the board in carrying out this duty. If the trial is conducted by a hearing examiner, the FPC Board will convene in closed session to review the record and make the final determination and may adopt or modify, in whole or in part, the proposed findings and recommendations of the Hearing Examiner. Upon request by the complainant, the Board or Hearing Examiner may allow a complainant to be represented by an advocate for any part of the proceedings. If the Board sustains a finding of one or more rule violations, evidence may then be received regarding the member’s character, work record, and the impact of the misconduct on the complainant, department, and community. The Board may deliberate in closed session in order to determine whether the good of the service requires that the department member be permanently discharged, suspended without pay, demoted to a lower rank, or participate in policy training.

There were no Citizen Board Trials during 2018.

Citizen Board Review
If a complainant is not satisfied with a complaint disposition as determined by the Executive Director they may request that the Board review the investigation and disposition.

There were no Citizen Board Reviews during 2018.
Complaints submitted to the MPD

Though the FPC as an oversight authority has an independent process for receiving and investigating citizen complaints regarding the Milwaukee Fire and Police Departments, each department may also receive and investigate citizen complaints directly filed with them. To ensure satisfaction regardless of where a person wishes to file their complaint, FPC Rule XV, Section 6 stipulates that the FPC Executive Director shall review a complaint investigation when a citizen is dissatisfied with the outcome of an investigation that has been completed by the Police or Fire Department.

Complainants who wish to file a complaint directly with the MPD may do so at any police district station, bureau, or division. A complainant may also call the department and ask for a supervisor to meet with them or call the MPD Internal Affairs Division directly at (414)-935-7942. A complaint submitted to the MPD may be submitted by the aggrieved citizen themselves, by an attorney representing the aggrieved citizen, by the parent or guardian of a minor child, or by a translator representing a non-English speaking complainant.

In most cases, when a complaint is filed, a narrative of the complaint will be written by a supervisory officer on the Citizen Complaint Form. The citizen or agent will sign the Citizen Complaint Form and a copy will be provided. However, if more convenient for the citizen, the Citizen Complaint Form can be completed at a later time, and returned to the Milwaukee Police Department.

When a complaint is submitted directly to the MPD (rather than the FPC) it is evaluated by the commanding officer of the Internal Affairs Division (IAD) in order to determine who will investigate the complaint. Serious allegations will be investigated by sergeants in the IAD, while other complaints (such as civility complaints, for example) may be sent to the member’s commanding officer to investigate. If it is a criminal allegation, it will go to the special investigation section of the IAD; and upon the conclusion of their investigation, it will be presented to the Assistant District Attorney (ADA) who will decide whether to issue charges. Complaints investigated at the district level are reviewed by the work location captain and the commanding officer of the IAD in order to ensure nothing was missed and to determine the disposition of the investigation. Any discipline imposed beyond a district level reprimand is written up as a charge and is submitted to the Chief of Police for review and determination of the appropriate discipline to impose.

Total MPD complaint volume

Figure 4 summarizes the number of complaints submitted to the MPD each year since 2007. In 2018 there were 113 citizen complaints submitted to the MPD. While the FPC records and classifies verbal complaints as informal until written filing criteria are met, no such distinction is made in the MPD; thus all complaints detailed in this measure been formally processed by MPD staff. The complaints in 2018 represent a 3% decrease in MPD investigated complaints compared to 2017 and is 55% below the 12 year average number of complaints (250).
Summary of MPD allegations and findings

Allegations investigated by the MPD are classified differently than those investigated by the FPC: the FPC uses general descriptive categories to define an allegation (see Tables 1 and 2) while the MPD uses specific item categories within its Code of Conduct (see Appendix 1). The 113 citizen complaints received and investigated by the MPD in 2018 contained a total of 217 distinct allegations. There were 210 allegations against identified department members and 7 allegations were against unknown MPD employees. Table 3 summarizes the final dispositions for the 152 allegations investigated and closed by the MPD against known employees.3

The most common Code of Conduct complaint allegation category in 2018 were:

- Competence, 1.04 (44 allegations, 21%)
- Competence, 1.05 (41 allegations, 20%)
- Integrity, 3.05 (34 allegations, 16%)
- Respect, 5.01 (22 allegations, 10%)

Of the closed allegations investigated by the MPD in 2018, 47 allegations were not sustained (31%), 32 (21%) were determined to have no code of conduct violation, 27 (18%) were determined to be unfounded, 14 (9%) resulted in remedial training for the member, 8 (5%) resulted in policy review for the member, and 8 allegations (5%) were sustained.

It should be noted that when a final disposition in this setting is listed as “policy review” or “remedial training” it does not indicate that the allegation was proven to be true or false. It indicates that, regardless of the veracity of the allegation, the most reasonable way to address the allegation was determined to be

3 Upon writing 58 allegations against identified employees remain under investigation and do not have a disposition.
a review of department policy with the member or a training session with the member named in the complaint. Policy review or remedial training may also be the end result action upon a finding of “sustained” at the conclusion of an investigation. In these cases the IAD sustained the allegation, the member was charged, and upon review of the charge the Chief felt the appropriate action was policy review or remedial training.

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Table 3 – Allegations investigated by the MPD

Table 4 shows the actions taken in response to the allegations sustained after MPD investigation in 2018. There were 3 district level reprimands issued, 1 suspension was issued, 1 member was assigned counseling, and 1 member retired from the department before discipline was imposed for 3 sustained allegations.
### MPD investigation timetable

The speed at which complaints submitted to the MPD were resolved in 2018 is summarized in Figure 5—a histogram depicting the number of calendar days to close a complaint versus the number of cases resolved in each time period. Each bin of the histogram represents 7 days. Of the 83 closed citizen complaints received by the MPD in 2018, 3 (4%) of the complaints were resolved by the MPD within 7 days and 17 (20%) were resolved within four weeks. The average number of days it took the MPD to resolve a complaint was 113 while the median number of days was 80.

Note that investigations of complaints by MPD have a number of restrictions based on processes and timelines related to department policy, union contracts and state statutes. For instance, any investigation requiring the IAD to interview an involved member (the vast majority of investigations) requires that the interview be scheduled at least 7 days out from the original request date. This requirement makes it rare to conclude an investigation in less than 7 days. Another factor that impacts the timeline of complaints are complaints in which allegations are sustained or criminal complaints; in that situation the complaint is not closed until the discipline has been served on the member. This often leads the complaint to remain open for weeks or months after the actual investigation is complete.

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**Table 4 – Action taken by MPD after sustained allegations**

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**Figure 5: MPD complaints: days to close**
Complaints submitted to the MFD
The Milwaukee Fire Department (MFD), like the Milwaukee Police Department, can accept and investigate citizen complaints independent of the Fire and Police Commission. Citizens may contact the MFD by telephone or in person, and staff will record the complaint which will be directed to the Assistant Chief of Support for investigation.

The MFD independently received and investigated 15 complaints in 2018. Of those 15 complaints, 12 were related to emergency medical calls for service (EMS), 1 was related to a reported fire, and 2 were related to on duty contacts unrelated to a specific call for service. Table 5 details the allegations received by the MFD in 2018. The 15 complaints contained a total of 17 allegations: 9 regarding discourtesy, 4 regarding department procedures and 4 regarding department services. One allegation was sustained, which resulted in policy review with the department member.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Allegation</th>
<th>Finding</th>
<th>Action Taken</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMS</td>
<td>Discourtesy</td>
<td>Not sustained</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Discourtesy</td>
<td>Not sustained</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire</td>
<td>Department Procedures</td>
<td>Sustained</td>
<td>Policy Review</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS</td>
<td>Discourtesy</td>
<td>Exonerated</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS</td>
<td>Department Procedures</td>
<td>Exonerated</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS</td>
<td>Discourtesy</td>
<td>Not sustained</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS</td>
<td>Discourtesy</td>
<td>Not sustained</td>
<td></td>
<td>No response from complainant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS</td>
<td>Discourtesy</td>
<td>Unfounded</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS</td>
<td>Department Services</td>
<td>Unfounded</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS</td>
<td>Department Procedures</td>
<td>Exonerated</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS</td>
<td>Department Services</td>
<td>Not sustained</td>
<td></td>
<td>No response from complainant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS</td>
<td>Discourtesy</td>
<td>Exonerated</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS</td>
<td>Department Services</td>
<td>Not sustained</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Discourtesy</td>
<td>Not sustained</td>
<td></td>
<td>No response from complainant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 5: Complaints received by the MFD

Total combined complaints
The total number of complaints recorded for the Fire Department and each Police District are outlined in Figure 6. These totals combine formal complaints received and investigated by the FPC with those
received and investigated each department. In addition to the Police District (D1, D2, etc.) and MFD categories listed in Figure 6, there is also a category called “MPD General”: this category is for complaints which do not clearly refer to a specific known Police District. The three year per-police-district per-year average number of complaints is 22.8 with a standard deviation of 10.0. In 2018 Police Districts 7 and 3 had the highest number of complaints with 29 and 23 respectively. District 2 had the lowest number of complaints with 11.

Because 2017 was the first year in which the internal MFD data had been reliably tracked Figure 6 does not include a total for the MFD for 2016.

![Total Combined Complaints](image)

**Figure 6: Total combined complaints**

### Rate of police complaints per citizen contact

Complaint volume in context of the number of police-citizen contacts in 2018 is outlined in Table 6. Note that the total number of FPC formal complaints in this measure is less than the overall total; this is because only MPD-related complaints are included here. The 2018 rate of 1.63 formal complaints per 1000 police-citizen contacts is a 48% increase when compared to the rate of 1.10 formal complaints per 1000 police-citizen contacts in 2017 (see Figure 7) and is very close to the 10 year average rate of 1.60 formal complaints per 1000 police-citizen contacts. In 2018 Police District 3 had the highest rate of formal complaints (1.80 complaints per 1000 contacts) while Police District 2 had the lowest (0.91 complaints per 1000 contacts).
### Table 6 – Rate of complaints per police-citizen contact

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Field Interviews</th>
<th>Traffic Stops</th>
<th>Total Police-Citizen Contacts</th>
<th>Formal FPC Citizen Complaints</th>
<th>MPD Citizen Complaints</th>
<th>Total Citizen Complaints</th>
<th>Complaints per 1000 contacts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>District 1</td>
<td>266</td>
<td>9,681</td>
<td>9,947</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>1.41</td>
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<td>District 2</td>
<td>1,197</td>
<td>10,854</td>
<td>12,051</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>0.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District 3</td>
<td>1,028</td>
<td>11,748</td>
<td>12,776</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>1.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District 4</td>
<td>481</td>
<td>10,158</td>
<td>10,639</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>1.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District 5</td>
<td>1,410</td>
<td>15,309</td>
<td>16,719</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>1.08</td>
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<tr>
<td>District 6</td>
<td>495</td>
<td>11,886</td>
<td>12,381</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.97</td>
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<tr>
<td>District 7</td>
<td>1,939</td>
<td>18,042</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>29</td>
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<td>129</td>
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<td>3,196</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>10.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>6,945</td>
<td>90,745</td>
<td>97,690</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>159</td>
<td>1.63</td>
</tr>
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</table>

#### Figure 7: Number of MPD complaints per 1000 police-citizen contacts

#### Employee and complainant demographics

Combining all FPC (both formal and informal) and MPD received/investigated complaints during 2018 results in a set of 294 identified complainants. One complainant submitted 5 complaints, 2 complainants submitted 3 complaints each, 22 complainants submitted 2 complaints each, and the remaining 239

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4 Complaints against MFD employees are excluded from this analysis due to the fact that more complete demographic information is accessible in this context for MPD employees and the large majority of complaints are levied against MPD employees.
complainants each submitted one complaint. There were 135 (46%) female and 146 (50%) male complainants while 13 (4%) did not specify. The reported racial makeup of complainants during 2018 was 174 (59%) Black, 82 (28%) White, 9 (3%) Hispanic, 1 (0%) Asian, 3 (1%) other races and the remaining 28 (10%) did not specify. The 295 employees identified in these complaints numbered 248 male (84%) and 44 female (15%). The reported racial makeup of the identified employees during 2018 was 180 (61%) White, 54 (18%) Black, 46 (16%) Hispanic, 5 (2%) Asian and 7 (2%) American Indian.

In order to obtain a larger sample size to more reliably test for statistically significant differences from expected values the past four years of demographic data were combined for analysis. Examination of the 4-year distribution of the gender and race of both employees (Table 7) and complainants (Table 8) indicate that the observed distributions for employee and complainant race and gender are statistically different than one would expect given the actual makeup of the sworn MPD force and the population of the City of Milwaukee.

The lower than expected representation of employees identified as Hispanic and female were the major contributors to the statistical difference from the expected values in the employee data. The lower than expected representation of complainants identified as Hispanic and Female and the higher than expected representation of complainants identified as Black were the major contributors to the statistical difference from the expected values in the complainant data.

Note that complainants are not required to report their race or gender when they submit a complaint, and in 2018 8.5% of complainants did not report their race and 4.4% of complainants did not report their gender. The confidence in any statistical analysis of complainant race and gender is lessened by this ambiguity.

Analysis of trends in complainant demographics is also complicated by the complex interplay regarding the decision to file a complaint. Increases or decreases in the rates of complaints submitted can be attributed to changes in the qualities of police-resident interactions or can be attributed to changes in the public’s confidence in, awareness of, and access to the complaint process.

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5 Statistically significant difference in this case is defined by the Pearson chi-square goodness of fit at the p = 0.05 level.
6 The makeup of the sworn MPD force was determined as of the end of 2018 and that of the city of Milwaukee is as reported on the current US Census Bureau’s Quick Facts table for the city of Milwaukee: https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/milwaukee/wisconsin/PST045218#qf-headnote-a.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
<th>2018 Sworn MPD</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Female</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>52 (15.6%)</td>
<td>48 (13.7%)</td>
<td>39 (13.5%)</td>
<td>44 (14.9%)</td>
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<td>Grand Total</td>
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<td>288</td>
<td>295</td>
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<th>2018 Sworn MPD</th>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Female</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>147 (47.0%)</td>
<td>200 (49.3%)</td>
<td>146 (44.6%)</td>
<td>135 (45.9%)</td>
<td>628 (46.9%)</td>
<td>51.9%</td>
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<td>7 (2.2%)</td>
<td>34 (8.4%)</td>
<td>15 (4.6%)</td>
<td>13 (4.4%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grand Total</td>
<td>313</td>
<td>406</td>
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<td>294</td>
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<th>Current Census</th>
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<tr>
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<td>1 (0.3%)</td>
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<td>10 (0.7%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grand Total</td>
<td>313</td>
<td>406</td>
<td>327</td>
<td>294</td>
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<th>Year</th>
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<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
<th>Current Census</th>
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<td>0 (0.0%)</td>
<td>0 (0.0%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 (1.6%)</td>
<td>3 (0.7%)</td>
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<td>1 (0.3%)</td>
<td>10 (0.7%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
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<td>0 (0.0%)</td>
<td>0 (0.0%)</td>
<td>0 (0.0%)</td>
<td>0 (0.0%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Races</td>
<td>2 (0.6%)</td>
<td>1 (0.2%)</td>
<td>1 (0.3%)</td>
<td>3 (1.0%)</td>
<td>7 (0.5%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>87 (27.8%)</td>
<td>83 (20.4%)</td>
<td>95 (29.1%)</td>
<td>82 (27.9%)</td>
<td>347 (25.9%)</td>
<td>35.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Specified</td>
<td>34 (10.9%)</td>
<td>61 (15.0%)</td>
<td>47 (14.4%)</td>
<td>25 (8.5%)</td>
<td>167 (12.5%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grand Total</td>
<td>313</td>
<td>406</td>
<td>327</td>
<td>294</td>
<td>1340</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Complaint frequency per MPD employee

2018
There were 210 employees identified in the formal FPC complaints against MPD members and MPD received complaints in 2018. There were 2 employees identified in 4 complaints each, 4 employees identified in 3 complaints each, 21 employees identified in 2 complaints each and the remaining 183 employees were identified in 1 complaint each. Given that the total sworn force numbered 1917 in 2018 and 210 employees were named in complaints, it follows that 11% of the sworn force had complaints filed against them during 2018 while 89% of the force did not.7

2015-2018 Summary
Analysis of the total MPD related complaints received by both the MPD and the FPC (formal and informal) between 2015 and 2018 indicates that there were 1,697 total allegations levied against 832 identified police personnel during that time period.8 There were 32 MPD employees with 6 or more allegations levied against them during that 4-year period. That set of employees with 6 or more allegations represents 2% of the sworn MPD force and the 263 allegations within that group represents 15% of the total allegations during that 4-year period.9 The maximum number of allegations against one employee during this 4-year time span was 13. Note that this analysis is of allegations. A single complaint may contain multiple distinct allegations, and each allegation within a complaint receives a distinct disposition.

Figure 8 shows the number of employees versus the number of allegations levied against each employee during the past 4 years. It is uncommon for an employee to have received multiple complaint allegations over a 4 year time period; 1530 members (80% of the 2018 sworn force) had one or zero allegations levied against them during that 4 year time period.

Figure 9 displays the cumulative percent of allegations against the cumulative percent of the sworn force for the 4 year period between 2015 and 2018. What this demonstrates is that approximately 43% of the sworn force had been named at least once in the past 4 years of allegation data and about half of the complaint allegations during that time period have been against approximately 10% of the sworn force.

7 The total sworn force in this context is considered to be a representative number despite the fact that complaints may be lodged against any MPD employee, not only sworn members. This number is used because historically over 98% of complaints received regarding the MPD are against sworn members. The total number of sworn employees cited here is referenced from the MPD’s 2018 4th Quarter race/gender report and is thus an approximation of the number of sworn members over the time period. The number of employees with zero allegations is calculated by subtracting the number of employees with allegations from the total sworn force in that report (1917).

8 Allegations with no positively identified employee are excluded from this analysis and allegations filed with both the FPC and MPD are counted only once.

9 The total sworn MPD force at the end of 2018 of 1917 is used as the denominator in the calculation.
Figure 8: Complaint allegations per MPD employee (2015 – 2018).

Figure 9: Allegation accumulation (2015 – 2018)
Conclusion

Though data exists regarding citizen complaints in other US police departments it is difficult to compare between departments due to the variations in the processes for investigating complaints and the lack of national standards in identifying complaint categories and defining dispositions. Consequently, it is more appropriate to focus on year-to-year comparisons in Milwaukee rather than city-to-city comparisons.

- The number of citizen complaints and allegations received by the FPC has generally declined since 2009 but has been relatively consistent each year since 2013.
- The proportion of allegations submitted to the FPC regarding department services and department procedures has risen since 2009 and the proportion regarding disparate treatment, discourtesy, and use of force have declined.
- The number of citizen complaints received by the MPD has generally declined since 2007 and has been relatively consistent since 2015.
- The rate of MPD related complaints per police-citizen contact has risen in 2018 but is about equal to the 10 year average rate.
- The demographic data for those submitting complaints is similar to recent years. The lower than expected representation of complainants identified as Hispanic and Female and the higher than expected representation of complainants identified as Black were the major contributors to the statistical difference from the expected values in the complainant data.
- Approximately 43% of the sworn force had been named at least once in the past 4 years of allegation data and about half of the complaint allegations during that time period have been against approximately 10% of the sworn force. These percentages are relatively unchanged compared to the same analysis in 2017.

The FPC continues to remain committed to providing excellent service to the community and to providing a fair and impartial process by which residents of the City of Milwaukee may submit complaints against protective service personnel.
Appendix 1


1.00 – Competence

We are prudent stewards of the public’s grant of authority and resources. We are accountable for the quality of our performance and the standards of our conduct. We are exemplary leaders and exemplary followers.

1.01
All members within their probationary period shall be evaluated on their conduct and fitness for the performance of their duties. If a member’s conduct or performance of duties is not satisfactory for continued service to the department, the member shall be discharged, with no right of appeal to the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners.

1.02
We cooperate with our colleagues, other agencies and citizens to ensure public safety, improve the quality of urban life, protect those who cannot protect themselves and enforce the law.

1.03
All department members shall render service to the community promptly and efficiently. When not answering a call for service, members shall use their time to accomplish the mission of the department.

1.04
Police investigations shall at a minimum be based upon reasonable suspicion or an actual or possible offense or crime. Investigations shall be conducted and reports shall be prepared in a prompt, thorough, impartial and careful manner so as to ensure accountability and responsibility in accordance with the law.

1.05
All department members shall be familiar with department policy, procedures and training and shall conduct themselves accordingly.

1.06
All department members shall report for duty at the time designated by their supervisors.

1.07
All department members shall report to court at the time designated by their subpoena.

1.08
All department members shall report fit for duty, and not be impaired as a result of drinking alcohol, using a drug for non-medical purposes, intentionally misusing a prescription drug or substance abuse.

1.09
No department member shall consume, purchase or possess any intoxicating liquor and/or fermented malt beverage while on duty or in uniform except with the approval of the Chief of Police or designee.

1.10
All department members are responsible for the condition and safeguarding of their personal and department issued equipment. Department members shall not deface, damage, destroy, modify, or carelessly or inappropriately use any department property without permission to do so.
2.00 – Courage

We place the safety of others before our own and accept our moral responsibility to take action against injustice and wrongdoing. Police members are expected to take prudent risks on behalf of the public.

2.01
Police members are required to discharge their duties with composure and determination and in time of danger or adversity shall act together and assist each other in the restoration of peace and order.

2.02
Members shall oppose and, if possible, prevent any violation of the Code of Conduct and report violations if they occur. Members will not be punished, but will be protected and supported, for reporting a violation of the Code of Conduct, unless the report is shown to be malicious or ill founded.

2.03
Failure to intervene when a violation of the Code of Conduct occurs, or is about to occur, shall be treated the same as if the member committed the violation.

3.00 – Integrity

We recognize the complexity of police work and exercise discretion in ways that are beyond reproach and worthy of public trust. Honesty and truthfulness are fundamental elements of integrity. It is our duty to earn public trust through consistent words and actions. We are honest in word and deed.

3.01
Our behavior shall inspire and sustain the confidence of our community. Whether on or off duty, department members shall not behave in such a way that a reasonable person would expect that discredit could be brought upon the department, or that it would create the appearance of impropriety or corruptive behavior.

3.02
Members shall avoid regular or continuous associations with persons or groups they reasonably believe, know or should know are planning to, or are engaged in, criminal behavior, or who advocate the overthrow of government, such that the association would undermine the public trust or affect the member’s credibility or integrity. The exceptions are associations that are necessary in the performance of duty or familial relationships of which the Chief of Police or designee is cognizant.

3.03
Police members shall exercise powers of arrest, search, seizure and surveillance only when it is lawful, necessary and proportionate to do so.

3.04
Department members shall treat the official business of the department as confidential, not imparting it to anyone, either orally, electronically or in writing, except those for whom it is intended or under due process of law.

3.05
Department members shall obey local ordinances and state and federal laws, whether on or off-duty. Any violation of ordinances or laws in any jurisdiction shall be reported to the member’s supervisor as soon as practical.

3.06
Department members shall not use their official position or membership in the Milwaukee Police Department to unnecessarily interfere with the personal affairs or professional responsibilities of any person or agency.

3.07
Members shall not suggest or recommend a specific attorney to anyone who has been arrested or to someone on their behalf nor become involved in the employment of an attorney for any victim of a crime or accident.
3.08 Department members shall not accept nor solicit, either directly or indirectly, anything of value, including a gratuity, money, reward, gift, fee, loan or special consideration as a consequence of their office. Members are not precluded from receiving very minor courtesies and gratuities (i.e., small amounts of food or non-alcoholic drink) provided that it is not sought nor in exchange or expectation of official favor.

3.09 All sworn members, and civilian members designated as emergency personnel, are bound by City of Milwaukee Charter Ordinance provisions regarding residency and are required to establish and maintain their actual and bona fide residence within 15 miles of the jurisdictional boundaries of the City of Milwaukee throughout their period of employment with the department. The Fire and Police Commission (FPC) has listed the civilian positions that are classified as emergency personnel pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 66.0502(4)(b) in FPC Rule V.

3.10 All department members shall be forthright and candid, orally or in writing, in connection with any administrative inquiry or report.

3.11 Department members are required to be complete, honest and accurate with respect to all relevant facts and information pertaining to any criminal or civil investigation, report or inquiry. No department member shall knowingly or with reckless disregard for the truth sign or make any false official statement.

Note:
The provisions of this guiding principle do not apply to a member’s questioning or interrogation of a person involved in a criminal investigation or where the member is engaged in an approved undercover role where such representation is not inconsistent with law or is accepted professional practice.

4.00 – Leadership
We seek to influence human behavior to achieve organizational goals that serve the public while developing individuals, teams and the organization for future service. We accept our responsibility to be leaders, both within the community and among our peers, and for the actions of our colleagues and ourselves. We are all responsible for the performance, reputation and morale of the department.

4.01 We will work together and set an example that embodies respect, compassion, integrity and efficiency.

4.02 Leadership is not solely positional and no rank has unique privileges. The only privilege of rank is increased responsibility.

4.03 Personal failure to intervene to prevent or stop misconduct, when there is an opportunity to do so, demonstrates not only a lack of courage, but also a failure of leadership.

4.04 Supervisors shall be role models for delivering truly professional, impartial and effective police service. Supervisors shall ensure that the individuals for whom they are responsible carry out their professional duties correctly. Supervisors must put the department’s mission first, in both word and action, and do nothing to interfere with its accomplishment.
4.05 Supervisors shall ensure the individuals for whom they are responsible are supported, guided on the professional performance of their duties and encouraged to further their professional development. Supervisors have a particular responsibility to secure, promote, improve and maintain professional standards and integrity through the provision of advice and guidance. Supervisors have an obligation to commend exemplary behavior, a responsibility to correct substandard behavior and a requirement to discipline when needed.

5.00 – Respect
*We hold life in the highest regard. We treat all citizens and colleagues with dignity and respect, and are fair and impartial as we perform our duties.*

5.01 Department members shall treat the public and each other with courtesy and professionalism. Civility and patience are valued attributes, while profane or insolent language or actions undermine the public’s confidence.

5.02 Members shall act with fairness, self-control, tolerance and impartiality when carrying out their duties.

5.03 Members shall promptly obey any proper or lawful order emanating from any officer of higher rank. Any improper or unlawful order should be reported to a supervisor of higher rank.

5.04 A conflicting order shall be brought to the attention of the member giving the order. If this member does not change the order, the order shall stand and this member shall bear full responsibility.

6.00 – Restraint
*We use the minimum force and authority necessary to accomplish a proper police purpose. We demonstrate self-discipline, even when no one is listening or watching.*

6.01 Police members shall exercise restraint in the use of force and act in proportion to the seriousness of the offense and the legitimate law enforcement objective to be achieved.

6.02 Members shall not subject any person to torture or cruel, inhumane or degrading treatment or punishment. No circumstances whatsoever may be invoked as a justification for torture or other cruel, inhumane or degrading treatment or punishment.
Appendix 2
Milwaukee Fire Department Code of Conduct Core Values and Guiding Principles:

Core Values

Courage: "Mental or moral strength to venture, persevere, and withstand danger, fear or difficulty."
1. Members accept their moral responsibility to take action to protect and remove from harm those who are trapped, injured, in need of medical assistance, or in any other situation in which fire department intervention is needed. Members are expected to take prudent risks on behalf of the public.

2. Members will discharge their duties with composure and determination and in time of danger or adversity, will act together to mitigate and resolve the situation.

3. Members will actively oppose, and if possible prevent, any violation of the Code of Conduct, reporting violations to their immediate supervisor. Unless the report is shown to be malicious or ill-founded, members will not be punished, but will be protected and supported for reporting a violation of the Code of Conduct.

Integrity: "Firm adherence to a code of especially moral values; incorruptibility."
1. Members understand that honesty is a fundamental element of integrity.

2. Members are duty-bound to earn public trust through consistently appropriate words and actions.

3. Members' behavior will inspire and sustain the confidence of our community. Whether on- or off-duty, members will not behave in such a way that a reasonable person would deem discredits the department or would create the appearance of impropriety or corruptive behavior.

4. Members will avoid regular or continuous associations with persons or groups they reasonably believe, know, or should know, are planning to, or are engaged in, criminal behavior, or who advocate the overthrow of government.

5. Members will treat the official business of the department as confidential, not imparting it to anyone, either orally, electronically, or in writing, except those for whom it is intended or under due process of law.

6. Members will obey department rules, local ordinances, and state and federal laws, whether on- or off-duty. Members in violation of same in any jurisdiction are to report the violation to their supervisor as soon as practicable.

7. Members will not use their official position or membership in the Milwaukee Fire Department to unnecessarily interfere with the personal affairs or professional responsibilities of any person or agency.

8. Members will not accept nor solicit, either directly or indirectly, anything of value, including a gratuity, money, reward, gift, fee, loan, or special consideration as consequence of their position. Solicitations for benevolent purposes with prior approval from the Fire Chief are the only exceptions.
Members are not precluded from receiving very minor courtesies and gratuities (i.e., small amounts of food or non-alcoholic drink, or discounts on same) provided that it is not sought, or in exchange for, expectation of official favor.

9. Members will be forthright and candid, orally and in writing, in connection with any administrative inquiry or report.

10. Members will be complete, honest, and accurate with respect to all relevant facts and information pertaining to any investigation, report, or inquiry. Members will not knowingly, or with reckless disregard for the truth, sign or make any false statement, whether by act of omission or act of commission. Failure to report full and complete details that any reasonable person would find vital to the overall situation is considered an act (lie) of omission.

**Honor: “Good quality or character as judged by other people; high moral standards or behavior; merited respect.”**

1. Members will hold life in the highest regard, treating all citizens and colleagues with respect, dignity, and tolerance, while performing duties in a fair, impartial manner.

2. Members will treat the public and each other with courtesy and professionalism; maintaining a professional workplace at all times. Civility, patience, and self-control are valued attributes, while profane or insolent language or actions undermine the public's and fellow members' confidence.

**Guiding Principles**

**Competence: “Having the necessary ability or skills to perform well enough to meet a standard.”**

1. Members are prudent stewards of the public's grant of authority and resources. Members are accountable for the quality of their performance and the standards of their conduct. Members are exemplary leaders and exemplary followers.

2. Members cooperate with colleagues, agencies, and citizens to ensure fire safety and appropriate medical care. Members work to improve the quality of urban life.

3. Members will render service to the community promptly and efficiently. When not answering calls for service, members will use their time to accomplish the mission of the department.

4. Members will be familiar with department policies/procedures and conduct themselves accordingly.

5. Members will report for duty on time, as designated by their work schedule.

6. Members will report fit-for-duty, and not be impaired as a result of drinking alcohol, using a drug for non-medical purposes, or intentionally misusing a prescription drug.

7. Members will not consume, purchase, or possess any liquor or fermented beverage while on duty or in uniform, except with the approval of the Chief or designee.

8. Members are responsible for the condition and safeguarding of their personal and department-issued equipment. Members will not deface, damage, destroy, modify, or carelessly or inappropriately use any
department property.

**Accountability:** "Willingness to accept responsibility (or to account) for one's actions."
1. Members will be accountable in the acknowledgement and assumption of responsibility for actions, decisions, and policies including administration, governance, and implementation within the scope of their positions, and encompassing the obligation to report, explain, and be answerable for resulting consequences.

2. Members will accomplish work and assignments given to them from verbal or any form of written orders, in a complete, timely, and professional manner.

3. Members will be masterful in the proper implementation of any facet relating to their position, such as Fire Response and EMS Standard Operating Guidelines, the Incident Command System, strategy and tactics, building construction knowledge, various training including but not limited to battalion, company, department-wide, paramedic refresher, including that which is electronically distributed, meeting turnout and response times, logging in to various programs as required each shift, reviewing temporary and numbered notices, and accurately and promptly completing all reporting requirements for fire and medical responses and member "leave" requests.

**Leadership:** "The power or ability to guide/direct others on a course to advance."
1. Members seek to influence human behavior to achieve organizational goals that serve the public while developing individuals, teams, and the organization for future service. Members accept responsibility to be leaders, both within the community and among peers, and for the actions of colleagues and themselves. All members are responsible for the performance, reputation, and morale of the department.

2. Members will work together and set an example that embodies respect, compassion, integrity, and efficiency.

3. Members understand that leadership is not solely positional and no rank has unique privileges. The only privilege of rank is increased responsibility.
4. Members understand that personal failure to intervene to prevent or stop misconduct, when there is an opportunity to do so, demonstrates not only a lack of courage, but also a failure of leadership.

5. Members will be role models for delivering truly professional, impartial, and effective service. Members must put the department's mission first, in both word and action, and do nothing to interfere with its accomplishment.

6. Officers will ensure that members for whom they are responsible carry out their professional duties correctly. Officers will ensure the individuals for whom they are responsible are supported, guided on the professional performance of their duties, and encouraged to further their professional development. Officers have a particular responsibility to secure, promote, improve, and maintain professional standards and integrity through the provision of advice and guidance. Officers have an obligation to commend exemplary behavior, a responsibility to correct substandard behavior, and a requirement to discipline when needed.
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